

# Improving reflection layer in cppyy using Cling

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# Introduction

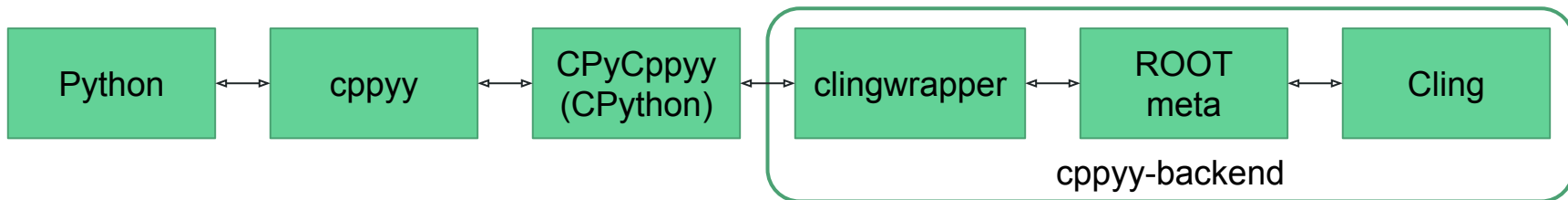
cppyy: Generates Python C++ binding at runtime, automatically

Cling: interactive C++ interpreter

ROOT meta: A layer in ROOT that provides reflection

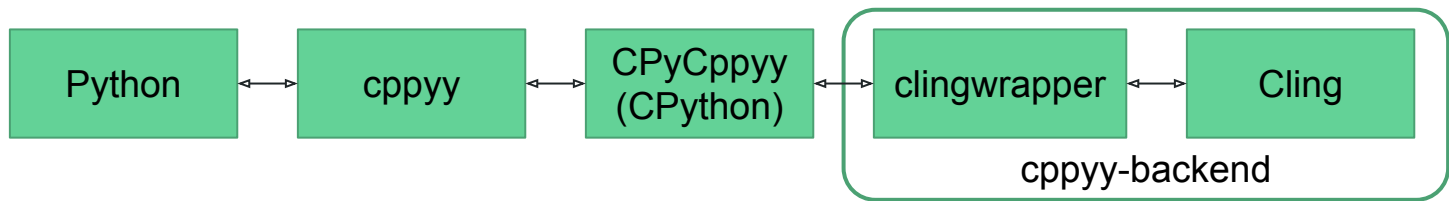
```
>>> a = 10
>>> type(a) # Reflection in Python
<type 'int'>
```

```
import cppyy
s = cppyy.gbl.std.string("Hello World!!")
```



# Problem Statement

Convert cppyy-backend to use Cling directly instead of ROOT meta and use it in cppyy



Why?: ROOT meta adds unnecessary code bloat and the performance of cppyy can be improved using Cling

Ultimately we want a cppyy-style python language interop but the ROOT meta dependency of cppyy is unnecessary. So we aim to make a libInterop library without such dependency and add it to llvm mainline

# Current Approach

- 1) Look at CPyCppyy top level functions and list the requirements. E.g. Functions like `CreateScopeProxy` need to lookup C++ classes, namespaces, etc. so we need to have an API that can lookup these easily.

Current implementation:

```
PyObject* CPyCppyy::CreateScopeProxy(const
std::string& name, PyObject* parent, const
unsigned flags) {
    // search for the scope using ROOT meta
    //
    // if its a namespace return a proxy
    // without any further details
    //
    // if its a class return a proxy with all
    // details of the class:
    //     base classes, data members, functions
    //     etc.
}
```

Intended implementation:

```
PyObject* CPyCppyy::CreateScopeProxy(const
std::string& name, PyObject* parent, const
unsigned flags) {
    // lookup the name through Cling
    //
    // if the name is a class or namespace return
    // a proxy with the name (without any
    // internal details)
}
```

# Current Approach

## 2) Optimize wherever possible. E.g.:

- a) CPyCppyy creates snapshots of classes because it depends on ROOT meta, Cling lookups are O(1) so lazy lookups are better.

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- b) cppyy-backend is made with iteration in mind, i.e., a call is first made to get the number of items in a scope and then the user can access these items using indexes. Cling uses a direct access approach and the user can look for items using their name.

Using ROOT  
meta:

```
const Cppyy::TCppIndex_t nDataMembers = Cppyy::GetNumDatamembers(scope);  
for (Cppyy::TCppIndex_t idata = 0; idata < nDataMembers; ++idata) {  
    ...  
}
```

Using Cling:

```
Decl* D = cling::utils::Lookup::Named(Sema, name);
```

# Current Approach

- 3) Replace the functions in cppy-backend with their Cling counterparts. These can vary in functionality to a great extent.

For e.g.: functions such as `GetNumDatamembers` might not be required in the cppy-backend as we will no longer be iterating over the data members of a class.

# Extended Approach

An extended approach involves emulating the current functions in cppy-backend using Cling. This will be required if the library for D and C++ interoperability requires the API to support iterations.

 Emulating the current API might be detrimental to performance

```
class C {  
    int a; 1  
    bool f();  
    enum Time {  
        morning, 2  
        evening 3  
    };  
};
```

```
GetNumDatamembers("C");  
// Returns 3
```

```
size_t GetNumDatamembers(std::string name)  
{  
    // lookup name through Cling  
    //  
    // get the DeclContext DC of the class  
    //  
    // for each Decl in DC check if its a  
    // member variable or enum and increase  
    // counter  
    //  
    // return counter  
}
```



# Goals

- The goal for this month is to convert the functions in ProxyWrappers.cxx to use Cling. This will allow cppy to run simple examples properly.
- A stretch goal will be to shift clingwrapper.cxx to use CMake and statically link with Cling

# Blockers

Input from the D representative is needed to figure out how much of the cppy-backend API can be modified.

# Thank you

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Any questions?